OpenStack Installation (*Ubuntu 16.04 TLS*) RegionOne

1. บทนำ

เอกสารฉบับนี้เป็นเอกสารแนะนำขั้นตอนการติดตั้ง ระบบคลาวด์ (Cloud) ด้วย OpenStack (http://www.openstack.org) โดยมีเนื้อหาเฉพาะส่วนของขั้นตอนการดำเนิน ไม่มีเนื้อหาเกี่ยวกับทฤษฏีหรือหลักการเลย :) ขั้นตอนในเอกสารนั้น ผ่านการทดลองด้วยระบบจำลอง บนโปรแกรม Virtual โดยพยายามกำหนดคุณสมบัติของเครื่องให้เป็นไปตามความต้องการพื้นฐานของ OpenStack แต่ก็จะมีบางส่วนที่ VirtualBox ไม่สามารถทำงานได้เสมือนกับเครื่องจริง

สภาพแวดล้อมของการทดลองคือ เป็นการติดตั้ง OpenStack โดยใช้ระบบปฏิบัติการ Ubuntu 16.04 TLS ดำเนินการเทียบกับขั้นตอนการติดตั้งจากเว็บ https://docs.openstack.org/ocata/install-guide-ubuntu และมีเนื้อหาเสริมบางส่วนจากการนำ GlusterFS มาติดตั้งใช้งานร่วมกับ OpenStack

1.1. คุณสมบัติฐานข้อมูล ผู้ใช้และรหัสผ่าน

คุณสมบัติทั้งหมดต่อไปนี้ ใช้สำหรับการตั้งค่าและกำหนดเป็นรหัสผ่านของการทำงานของแต่ละส่วนของ OpenStack

MySQL database system user: *root* MySQL database system password: *openstack;pass*

RABBIT_USER: openstack RABBIT_PASS: rabbit;pass

KEYSTONE_DBUSER, KEYSTONE_USER: keystone
KEYSTONE_DBPASS, KEYSTONE_PASS: keystone;pass

GLANCE_DBUSER, GLANCE_USER: glance GLANCE DBPASS, GLANCE PASS: glance;pass

NOVA_DBUSER, NOVA_USER: *nova* NOVA DBPASS, NOVA PASS: *nova;pass*

NEUTRON_DBUSER, NEUTRON_USER: *neutron* NEUTRON_DBPASS, NEUTRON_PASS: *neutron;pass*

CINDER_DBUSER, CINDER_USER: cinder CINDER DBPASS, CINDER PASS: cinder; pass

1.2. ผังการเชื่อมต่อเครือข่าย



2. Network Configuration

Controller & Compute Node

Install packages

apt-get install bridge-utils

Controller

Edit network configuration file /etc/network/interfaces

```
# Management/Storage network interface
auto enp0s3
iface enp0s3 inet static
    address 10.0.2.100
    netmask 255.255.255.0
# Public/Provider network interface
auto enp0s8
iface enp0s8 inet manual
    up ip link set dev $IFACE up
    down ip link set dev $IFACE down
```

```
Restart networking controller# service networking restart
```

Compute Node

```
Edit network configuration file /etc/network/interfaces
```

Management/Storage network interface
auto enp0s3
iface enp0s3 inet static
 address 10.0.2.101 (...)
 netmask 255.255.255.0

```
# Public/Provider network interface
auto enp0s8
iface enp0s8 inet manual
        up ip link set dev $IFACE up
        down ip link set dev $IFACE down
```

Restart networking
computeX# service networking restart

Controller & Compute Node

```
Edit file /etc/hosts
```

...
10.0.2.100 controller
10.0.2.101 compute1
10.0.2.102 compute2
10.0.2.100 block0
10.0.2.101 block1
10.0.2.102 block2

3. Base Services

Manually install ssh service

_# apt install ssh

Install NTP package
controller# apt install ntp

Controller & Compute Node

<u>Controller</u>

```
Edit NTP configuration file /etc/ntp.conf (Optional)
    #...
    server 203.158.192.11 iburst
    restrict 10.0.2.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 noburst

Restart NTP service
controller# service ntp restart

Install NTP package
computeX# apt install ntp

Edit NTP configuration file /etc/ntp.conf (Optional)
    # ...
    server 10.0.2.100 iburst
    server 203.158.192.11 iburst

Restart NTP service
computeX# service ntp restart
```

4. OpenStack Packages

Controller & Compute Node

Enable the OpenStack repository

_# apt install software-properties-common
 # add-apt-repository cloud-archive:ocata

Upgrade the packages on your host

apt update && apt dist-upgrade

Install the OpenStack client

_# apt install python-openstackclient

4.1. Database - MySQL

Install MySQL packages
controller# apt install mariadb-server python-pymysql

ประกาย นาดี (prakai@rmuti.ac.th), สวส., มทร.อีสาน http://www.rmuti.ac.th/user/prakai

Controller

Compute Node

Edit MySQL configuration file /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/99-openstack.cnf [mysqld]

```
default-storage-engine = innodb
innodb_file_per_table
max_connections = 4096
collation-server = utf8_general_ci
character-set-server = utf8
```

bind-address = 10.0.2.100

Restart MySQL service controller# service mysql restart

Re-initialize MySQL security (Optional)
controller# mysql_secure_installation
Enter current password for root (enter for none):

Set root password? [Y/n] y
New password: <MySQL root password>
Re-enter new password: <MySQL root password>

Remove anonymous users? [Y/n] y

Disallow root login remotely? [Y/n] n

Remove test database and access to it? [Y/n] y

Reload privilege tables now? [Y/n] y

Note: MySQL root password is: openstack; pass

4.2. Messaging server - RabbitMQ

Install RabbitMQ message broker service
controller# apt install rabbitmq-server

Configure the message broker service controller# rabbitmqctl add user openstack '<<u>RABBIT</u> PASS>'

```
Note: <RABBIT PASS> is: rabbit;pass
```

Permit configuration, write, and read access for the openstack user controller# rabbitmqctl set permissions openstack ".*" ".*"

Restart the message broker service

controller# service rabbitmq-server restart

4.3. Caching service - Memcached

Install memcached service
controller# apt-get install memcached python-memcache

Edit memcached configuration file /etc/memcached.conf

... -1 127.0.0.1,controller

Restart the message broker service controller# service memcached restart

5. Add Identity service

5.1. Create Identity service database

Connect to MySQL database controller# mysql -u root -p
Enter password: <<u>MYSQL_PASSWORD></u>

Note: <MYSQL PASSWORD> is: openstack;pass

Create keystone database

MariaDB [(none)] > CREATE DATABASE keystone;

Controller

<u>Controller</u>

Create and grant keystone user to keystone database

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON keystone.* TO \
    'keystone'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<KEYSTONE_DBPASS>';
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON keystone.* TO \
    'keystone'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<KEYSTONE DBPASS>';
```

Note: <KEYSTONE DBPASS> is: keystone;pass

Apply new privileges
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [(none)]> exit

5.2. Install and configure the components

<u>Controller</u>

```
Install packages
controller# apt install keystone python-keystoneclient
```

Edit keystone configuration file /etc/keystone/keystone.conf

```
--keystone-user keystone --keystone-group keystone
```

Bootstrap the Identity service

```
controller# keystone-manage bootstrap --bootstrap-password '<ADMIN_PASS>' \
    --bootstrap-admin-url http://controller:35357/v3/ \
    --bootstrap-internal-url http://controller:5000/v3/ \
    --bootstrap-public-url http://controller:5000/v3/ \
    --bootstrap-region-id 'RegionOne'
```

Note: <ADMIN_PASS> is: cloud;admin

5.3. Create OpenStack client environment scripts for user admin and demo

Controller

Create the /root/admin-rc.sh file and add the following content

```
export OS_USERNAME=admin
export OS_PASSWORD='<ADMIN_PASS>'
export OS_PROJECT_NAME=admin
export OS_USER_DOMAIN_NAME=default
export OS_PROJECT_DOMAIN_NAME=default
export OS_AUTH_URL=http://controller:35357/v3
export OS_IDENTITY_API_VERSION=3
```

```
Note: <ADMIN PASS> is: cloud;admin
```

```
Edit file /root/demo-rc.sh and add the following content
```

```
export OS_USERNAME=demo
export OS_PASSWORD='demo'
export OS_PROJECT_NAME=demo
export OS_USER_DOMAIN_NAME=default
export OS_PROJECT_DOMAIN_NAME=default
export OS_AUTH_URL=http://controller:35357/v3
export OS_IDENTITY_API_VERSION=3
export OS_IMAGE_API_VERSION=2
```

5.4. Create a domain, projects, users, and roles

Controller

Excute script to define environment variables controller# source admin-rc.sh

```
Create the service project

controller# openstack project create --domain default \

--description "Service Project" service

Create the demo project

controller# openstack project create --domain default \

--description "Demo Project" demo

Create the demo user

controller# openstack user create --domain default \

--password-prompt demo

User Password: demo

Repeat User Password: demo

Create the user role

controller# openstack role create user
```

Add the *user* role to the *demo* project and user controller# openstack role add --project demo --user demo user

5.5. Verify operation

Controller

Unset the temporary OS_AUTH_URL and OS_PASSWORD environment variables controller# unset OS AUTH URL OS PASSWORD

```
As the admin user, request an authentication token

controller# openstack --os-auth-url http://controller:35357/v3 \

    --os-project-domain-name default --os-user-domain-name default \

    --os-project-name admin --os-username admin token issue

Password: <ADMIN_PASS>
```

```
Note: <ADMIN_PASS> is: cloud;admin
As the demo user, request an authentication token
controller# openstack --os-auth-url http://controller:5000/v3 \
        --os-project-domain-name default --os-user-domain-name default \
        --os-project-name demo --os-username demo token issue
Password: demo
```

6. Add the Image service

6.1. Create Image service database

Controller

```
Connect to MySQL database

controller# mysql -u root -p

Enter password: <<u>MYSQL PASSWORD</u>>
```

Note: <MYSQL_PASSWORD> is: openstack;pass

Create glance database MariaDB [(none)] > CREATE DATABASE glance;

```
Create and grant glance user to glance database
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON glance.* TO \
   'glance'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<GLANCE DBPASS>';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON glance.* TO \
    'glance'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<GLANCE DBPASS>';
```

```
Note: <GLANCE_PASS> is: glance;pass
```

```
Apply new privileges
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [(none)]> exit
```

6.2. Install and configure

Controller

```
Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands
controller# source admin-rc.sh
Create the glance user
controller# openstack user create --domain default \
        --password-prompt glance
User Password: <GLANCE_PASS>
Repeat User Password: <GLANCE_PASS>
```

```
Note: <GLANCE PASS> is: glance;pass
```

```
Add the admin role to the glance user and service project
controller# openstack role add --project service --user glance admin
Create the glance service entity
controller# openstack service create --name glance \
    --description "OpenStack Image" image
Create the Image service API endpoints
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    image public http://controller:9292
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    image internal http://controller:9292
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    image admin http://controller:9292
Install the packages
controller# apt install glance
Edit file /etc/glance/glance-api.conf
      [DEFAULT]
      # ...
      auth url = http://controller:35357
      [database]
      # ...
```

connection = mysql+pymysql://glance:<GLANCE DBPASS>@controller/glance

```
[keystone_authtoken]
# ...
auth_uri = http://controller:5000
memcached_servers = controller:11211
auth_type = password
```

```
auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = glance
     password = <GLANCE PASS>
     [paste deploy]
     # ...
     flavor = keystone
     [glance store]
     # ...
     stores = file,http
     default store = file
     filesystem store datadir = /var/lib/glance/images/
Note: <GLANCE DBPASS> is: glance;pass
     <GLANCE PASS> is: glance;pass
Edit file /etc/glance/glance-registry.conf
     [database]
     # ...
     connection = mysql+pymysql://glance:<GLANCE DBPASS>@controller/glance
     [keystone authtoken]
     # ...
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = glance
     password = <GLANCE PASS>
     [paste deploy]
     # ...
     flavor = keystone
```

```
Note: <GLANCE_DBPASS> is: glance;pass
<GLANCE_PASS> is: glance;pass
```

Populate the Image Service database: controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "glance-manage db sync" glance

Restart the Image Service services controller# service glance-api restart
controller# service glance-registry restart

6.3. Verify operation

<u>Controller</u>

```
Create and change into a temporary local directory
controller# mkdir -p /var/tmp/images
```

Download the image to the temporary local directory

```
controller# wget -P /var/tmp/images \
    http://download.cirros-cloud.net/0.3.5/cirros-0.3.5-x86 64-disk.img
```

Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands controller# source admin-rc.sh

Upload the image to the Image Service

```
controller# openstack image create "CirrOS" \
    --file /var/tmp/images/cirros-0.3.5-x86_64-disk.img \
    --disk-format qcow2 --container-format bare
```

List of all images controller# openstack image list

Delete image
controller# openstack image delete <image_id>

7. Add the Compute service

7.1. install and configure the Compute controller components

<u>Controller</u>

```
Connect to MySQL database

controller# mysql -u root -p

Enter password: <<u>MYSQL PASSWORD</u>>
```

Note: <MYSQL PASSWORD> is: openstack;pass

Create nova database

```
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE nova_api;
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE nova;
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE nova cell0;
```

Create and grant nova user to nova database

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_api.* TO \
    'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<<u>NOVA_DBPASS</u>>';
```

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_api.* TO \
 'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<NOVA_DBPASS>';

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO \
    'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<NOVA_DBPASS>';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova.* TO \
    'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<NOVA DBPASS>';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_cell0.* TO \
    'nova'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<NOVA DBPASS>';
```

```
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON nova_cell0.* TO \
    'nova'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<<u>NOVA DBPASS</u>>';
```

Note: <NOVA DBPASS> is: nova;pass

Apply new privileges
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [(none)]> exit
Source the admin credentials
controller# source admin-rc.sh

```
Create the nova user:
controller# openstack user create --domain default \
    --password-prompt nova
User Password: <NOVA PASS>
Repeat User Password: <NOVA PASS>
Note: <NOVA PASS> is: nova;pass
Add the admin role to the nova user:
controller# openstack role add --project service --user nova admin
Create the nova service entity:
controller# openstack service create --name nova \
    --description "OpenStack Compute" compute
Create the Compute service API endpoints:
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    compute public http://controller:8774/v2.1
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    compute internal http://controller:8774/v2.1
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    compute admin http://controller:8774/v2.1
Create a Placement service user:
controller# openstack user create --domain default \
    --password-prompt placement
User Password: <PLACEMENT PASS>
Repeat User Password: <PLACEMENT PASS>
Note: <PLACEMENT PASS> is: placement;pass
Add the admin role to the placement user:
controller# openstack role add --project service --user placement admin
Create the Placement API entry in the service catalog:
controller# openstack service create --name placement \
    --description "Placement API" placement
```

Create the Placement API service endpoints:

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    placement public http://controller:8778
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    placement internal http://controller:8778
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    placement admin http://controller:8778
```

Install the packages

```
controller# apt install nova-api nova-conductor nova-consoleauth \
    nova-novncproxy nova-scheduler nova-placement-api
```

```
Edit file /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[DEFAULT]
# ...
my ip = 10.0.2.100
enabled apis = osapi compute,metadata
use neutron = true
firewall driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
transport url = rabbit://openstack:<RABBIT PASS>@controller
[api]
# ...
auth strategy = keystone
[api database]
# ...
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:<NOVA DBPASS>@controller/nova api
[database]
connection = mysql+pymysql://nova:<NOVA DBPASS>@controller/nova
[glance]
# ...
api servers = http://controller:9292
[keystone authtoken]
# ...
```

```
auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = nova
     password = <NOVA PASS>
     [placement]
     # ...
     os region name = RegionOne
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project name = service
     project domain name = default
     username = placement
     user domain name = default
     password = <PLACEMENT PASS>
     [vnc]
     enabled = true
     # ...
     vncserver listen = $my ip
     vncserver proxyclient address = $my ip
Note: <RABBIT PASS> is: rabbit;pass
     <NOVA DBPASS> is: nova;pass
     <NOVA PASS> is: nova;pass
     <PLACEMENT PASS> is: placement;pass
Populate the Image Service database
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage api db sync" nova
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage cell v2 map cell0" nova
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage cell v2 create cell \
    --name=cell1 --verbose" nova
```

```
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage db sync" nova
```

controller# nova-manage cell_v2 list_cells

<pre> cell0 0000000-0000-0000-00000-0000000000</pre>	+ •	Name	·+· .+.	UUID	-+- +-
CEIII 44//ddd/ alo4 4991 9835 /C052450/909		cell0 cell1		00000000-0000-0000-0000-00000000000 4477ddd7-af84-4991-9e55-7c6324367589	

Restart the Compute services

```
controller# service nova-api restart
controller# service nova-consoleauth restart
controller# service nova-scheduler restart
controller# service nova-conductor restart
controller# service nova-novncproxy restart
```

7.2. Create flavors

```
Controller
```

Controller

Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands controller# source admin-rc.sh

```
Create m1.nano flavor - 1 CPU, 64MB RAM, 1GB Disk

controller# openstack flavor create --id 0 --vcpus 1 \

--ram 64 --disk 1 m1.nano
```

Create m1.tiny flavor - 1 CPU, 512MB RAM, 1GB Disk controller# openstack flavor create --id 1 --vcpus 1 \ --ram 512 --disk 1 m1.tiny

7.3. Verify operation on Controller

Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands: controller# source admin-rc.sh

List service components to verify successful launch of each process: controller# openstack compute service list List API endpoints in the Identity service: controller# openstack catalog list List images in the Image service: **controller#** openstack image list List flavors:

```
controller# openstack flavor list
```

7.4. install and configure the Compute components on compute nodes

Compute Nodes

```
Install the packages:
computeX# apt install nova-compute
Edit file /etc/nova/nova.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     # ...
     my ip = 10.0.2.101 (...)
     enabled apis = osapi compute,metadata
     use neutron = true
     firewall driver = nova.virt.firewall.NoopFirewallDriver
     transport url = rabbit://openstack:<RABBIT PASS>@controller
     [api]
     # ...
     auth strategy = keystone
     [glance]
     # ...
     api servers = http://controller:9292
     [keystone authtoken]
     # ...
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = nova
```

```
password = <NOVA PASS>
     [placement]
     # ...
     os region name = RegionOne
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project name = service
     project domain name = default
     username = placement
     user domain name = default
     password = <PLACEMENT PASS>
     [vnc]
     enabled = true
     # ...
     vncserver listen = 0.0.0.0
     vncserver proxyclient address = $my ip
     novncproxy base url = http://controller:6080/vnc auto.html
Note: <RABBIT PASS> is: rabbit;pass
     <NOVA DBPASS> is: nova;pass
     <NOVA PASS> is: nova;pass
     <PLACEMENT PASS> is: placement;pass
Determine whether your compute node supports hardware acceleration for virtual machines
computeX# egrep -c '(vmx|svm)' /proc/cpuinfo
If result is 0, vert type = qemu
If result is not 0, vert type = kvm
```

Edit [libvirt] section in file /etc/nova/nova-compute.conf
 [libvirt]
 virt type = qemu

Restart the Compute service: computeX# service nova-compute restart

7.5. Add new compute nodes to the cell database

Controller

Controller

Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands: controller# source admin-rc.sh

Discover compute hosts:

```
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "nova-manage cell_v2 discover_hosts \
    --verbose" nova
```

7.6. Verify operation on Compute Node

Controller & Compute Node

Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands: controller# source admin-rc.sh

List service components to verify successful launch of each process: controller# openstack compute service list

List hypervisor nodes: controller# openstack hypervisor list

List images in the Image Service catalog to verify connectivity with the Identity service and Image Service: controller# openstack image list

8. Add a network component

8.1. Configure network service

Connect to MySQL database controller# mysql -u root -p Enter password: <<u>MYSQL PASSWORD></u>

Note: <MYSQL PASSWORD> is: openstack;pass

Create neutron database MariaDB [(none)] > CREATE DATABASE neutron;

```
Create and grant neutron user to neutron database
MariaDB [(none)] > GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON neutron.* TO \
  'neutron'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<<u>NEUTRON DBPASS</u>>';
MariaDB [(none)] > GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON neutron.* TO \
  'neutron'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<NEUTRON DBPASS>';
Note: <NEUTRON DBPASS> is: neutron;pass
Apply new privileges
MariaDB [(none)] > FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [(none)]> exit
Source the admin credentials
controller# source admin-rc.sh
Create the neutron user:
controller# openstack user create --domain default \
    --password-prompt neutron
User Password: <<u>NEUTRON PASS</u>>
Repeat User Password: <<u>NEUTRON PASS</u>>
Note: <NEUTRON PASS> is: neutron; pass
Add the admin role to the neutron user:
controller# openstack role add --project service --user neutron admin
Create the neutron service entity:
controller# openstack service create --name neutron \
    --description "OpenStack Networking" network
Create the Networking service API endpoints:
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    network public http://controller:9696
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    network internal http://controller:9696
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    network admin http://controller:9696
```

8.2. Create Provider Networks on Controller

```
<u>Controller</u>
```

```
Install the packages
controller# apt install neutron-server neutron-plugin-ml2 \
    neutron-linuxbridge-agent neutron-dhcp-agent \
    neutron-metadata-agent
Edit file /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     # ...
     auth strategy = keystone
     core plugin = ml2
     service plugins =
     notify nova on port status changes = true
     notify nova on port data changes = true
     transport url = rabbit://openstack:<RABBIT PASS>@controller
     [database]
     # ...
connection = mysql+pymysql://neutron:<NEUTRON DBPASS>@controller/neutron
     [keystone authtoken]
     # ...
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = neutron
     password = <NEUTRON PASS>
     [nova]
     # ...
     region name = RegionOne
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
```

```
auth_type = password
password = <NOVA_PASS>
project_domain_name = default
project_name = service
user_domain_name = default
username = nova
```

```
Note: <RABBIT_PASS> is: rabbit;pass
<NEUTRON_DBPASS> is: neutron;pass
<NEUTRON_PASS> is: neutron;pass
<NOVA_PASS> is: nova;pass
```

```
Edit file /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2 conf.ini
```

```
[ml2]
# ...
type_drivers = flat,vlan
tenant_network_types =
mechanism_drivers = linuxbridge
extension_drivers = port_security
```

```
[ml2_type_flat]
# ...
flat networks = provider
```

```
[securitygroup]
# ...
enable ipset = true
```

Edit file /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/linuxbridge_agent.ini

```
[linux_bridge]
physical_interface_mappings = provider:enp0s8
[securitygroup]
# ...
firewall_driver =
neutron.agent.linux.iptables_firewall.IptablesFirewallDriver
enable_security_group = true
```

```
[vxlan]
enable vxlan = false
```

Edit file /etc/neutron/dhcp_agent.ini

```
[DEFAULT]
# ...
interface_driver = linuxbridge
dhcp_driver = neutron.agent.linux.dhcp.Dnsmasq
enable_isolated_metadata = true
```

```
Edit file /etc/neutron/metadata_agent.ini
```

```
[DEFAULT]
# ...
nova_metadata_ip = controller
metadata proxy shared secret = <METADATA SECRET>
```

Note: <METADATA SECRET> is: metadata;secret

```
Edit file /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[neutron]
# ...
url = http://controller:9696
region_name = RegionOne
service_metadata_proxy = true
metadata_proxy_shared_secret = <METADATA_SECRET>
auth_type = password
auth_url = http://controller:35357
project_name = service
project_domain_name = default
username = neutron
user_domain_name = default
password = <NEUTRON_PASS>
```

```
Note: <METADATA_SECRET> is: metadata;secret
<NEUTRON PASS> is: neutron;pass
```

Populate the Image Service database

```
controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "neutron-db-manage \
    --config-file /etc/neutron/neutron.conf \
    --config-file /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2_conf.ini \
    upgrade head" neutron
```

Restart the Compute API services

```
controller# service nova-api restart
```

Restart the Networking services

```
controller# service neutron-server restart
controller# service neutron-linuxbridge-agent restart
controller# service neutron-dhcp-agent restart
controller# service neutron-metadata-agent restart
```

8.3. Add security group rules to the default security group

```
<u>Controller</u>
```

Permit ICMP (ping): controller# openstack security group rule create --proto icmp default

Permit secure shell (SSH): controller# openstack security group rule create --proto tcp \ --dst-port 22 default

8.4. Create Provider Networks on Compute nodes

Compute Node

```
Install Networking agent components
computeX# apt install neutron-linuxbridge-agent
```

```
Edit file /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     # ...
     auth strategy = keystone
     transport url = rabbit://openstack:<RABBIT PASS>@controller
     [keystone authtoken]
     # ...
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     user domain name = default
     project name = service
     username = neutron
     password = <NEUTRON PASS>
```

```
Note: <RABBIT_PASS> is: rabbit;pass
<NEUTRON_PASS> is: neutron;pass
<NOVA_PASS> is: nova;pass
```

```
Edit file /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/linuxbridge_agent.ini
```

```
[linux_bridge]
physical interface mappings = provider:enp0s8
```

```
[securitygroup]
# ...
firewall_driver =
neutron.agent.linux.iptables_firewall.IptablesFirewallDriver
enable_security_group = true
```

```
[vxlan]
enable_vxlan = false
```

```
Edit file /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
[neutron]
url = http://controller:9696
region_name = RegionOne
auth_type = password
auth_url = http://controller:35357
project_name = service
project_domain_name = default
username = neutron
user_domain_name = default
password = <NEUTRON_PASS>
Note: <METADATA_SECRET> is: metadata;pass
<NEUTRON_PASS> is: neutron;pass
```

```
computeX# service nova-compute restart
```

```
Restart the Linux bridge agent
computeX# service neutron-linuxbridge-agent restart
```

Controller

Controller

8.5. Verify operation on Controller

```
Source the admin credentials to gain access to admin-only CLI commands:
controller# source admin-rc.sh
```

List service components to verify successful launch of each process: controller# openstack extension list --network

List service components to verify successful launch of each process: controller# openstack network agent list

List security group list: controller# openstack security group list

List security group rules: controller# openstack security group rule list

8.6. Create Provider Networks

Source the admin credentials: controller# source admin-rc.sh

Create the network:

```
controller# openstack network create --share \
    --provider-physical-network provider \
    --provider-network-type flat provider
```

Create a subnet on the network:

```
controller# openstack subnet create --network provider \
    --allocation-pool start=START_IP_ADDRESS,end=END_IP_ADDRESS \
    --dns-nameserver DNS_RESOLVER --gateway PROVIDER_NETWORK_GATEWAY \
    --subnet-range PROVIDER_NETWORK_CIDR provider
```

```
Note: Replace START_IP_ADDRESS, END_IP_ADDRESS, DNS_RESOLVER,
PROVIDER_NETWORK_GATEWAY, PROVIDER_NETWORK_CIDR with network that provides
to VMs
```

Controller

Example
controller# openstack subnet create --network provider \
 --allocation-pool start=192.168.0.101,end=192.168.0.202 \
 --dns-nameserver 8.8.4.4 --gateway 192.168.0.1 \
 --subnet-range 192.168.0.0/24 provider

Verify Provider Networks: controller# openstack network list

```
controller# openstack subnet list
```

9. Lunch instance (via command line)

9.1. Determine instance options

Source the admin credentials:

controller# source demo-rc.sh

Generate a key pair and add a public key:

controller# ssh-keygen -q -N ""

controller# openstack keypair create \
 --public-key ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub demo_key

⊥.				_
	Field		Value	- -
+ · 	fingerprint name user_id	+ - 	b3:1f:48:75:c7:39:4b:83:3e:bb:72:84:eb:7d:b4:ae demo_key cd5162d22d0d41288ae88fb5bf238d17	+ +

List available flavors:

						LL
ID	Name	RAM	Disk	Ephemeral	VCPUs	Is Public
++- 0 1	m1.nano m1.tiny	64 512	1 1	0 0	1 1	True True

ประกาย นาดี (prakai@rmuti.ac.th), สวส., มทร.อีสาน

List available images:

<pre>controller# openstack image list</pre>		
ID	Name	Status
a4bb1442-8803-4118-8e37-dbcd513bca58	CirrOS	active

List available networks:

<pre>controller# openstack network list</pre>	L1	
ID	Name	Subnets
efc84802-c548-47d0-8b33-bce79cebcb62	provider	5bbef9140de3c1d9bc

List available security groups:

<pre>controller# openstack security group li </pre>	st		
ID	Name	Description	Project
<pre>331e6b3a-a7de-49ec-88ef-a063eb96c9f6 +</pre>	+	Default	+ + + + +

9.2. Launch an instance

<u>Controller</u>

Source the admin credentials:

controller# source demo-rc.sh

Launch the instance:

```
controller# openstack server create --flavor m1.nano --image IMAGE_NAME \
    --nic net-id=PROVIDER_NET_ID --security-group SECURITY_GROUP_NAME \
    --key-name KEY_PAIR_NAME MyFirstInstance
```

Note: Replace IMAGE_NAME, PROVIDER_NET_ID, SECURITY_GROUP_NAME and KEY_PAIR_NAME with id from command above

Check the status of your instance: controller# openstack server list

Controller

Note: Wait until Status changed from **BUILD** to **ACTIVE**

10. Add the dashboard

10.1. Install and configure

```
Install the packages:
controller# apt install apache2 memcached
controller# apt install openstack-dashboard
```

Edit file /etc/openstack-dashboard/local settings.py

```
OPENSTACK API VERSIONS = {
    "identity": 3,
    "image": 2,
    "volume": 2,
}
OPENSTACK KEYSTONE MULTIDOMAIN SUPPORT = True
OPENSTACK KEYSTONE DEFAULT DOMAIN = 'default'
CACHES = \{
   'default': {
     'BACKEND' :
'django.core.cache.backends.memcached.MemcachedCache',
     'LOCATION' : '127.0.0.1:11211',
   }
}
OPENSTACK HOST = "controller"
OPENSTACK KEYSTONE URL = "http://%s:5000/v2.0" % OPENSTACK HOST
OPENSTACK KEYSTONE DEFAULT ROLE = "user"
OPENSTACK NEUTRON NETWORK = {
    'enable router': False,
    'enable quotas': False,
    'enable ipv6': False,
    'enable distributed router': False,
    'enable ha router': False,
    'enable lb': False,
    'enable firewall': False,
```

Controller

Compute Node

```
'enable_vpn': False,
'enable_fip_topology_check': False,
#...
}
TIME_ZONE = "Asia/Bangkok"
WEBROOT = '/horizon/'
ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['*',]
```

Change access permission of /var/lib/openstack-dashboard/ for apache2 user controller# chown -R www-data:www-data /var/lib/openstack-dashboard

Reload the web server configuration: controller# service apache2 reload

10.2. Verify operation

Access the dashboard using a web browser at http://controller/horizon. Authenticate using admin or demo user and default domain credentials.

11. Add the Block Storage service

11.1. Setup storage cluster (GlusterFS) on compute node

Install the packages on all nodes: computeX# apt install glusterfs-client glusterfs-common \ glusterfs-server attr Probe and add nodes in to peer list on all nodes: computeX# gluster peer probe block0 computeX# gluster peer probe block1 computeX# gluster peer probe block2 Setup glusterfs partitions on all nodes: computeX# mkfs.xfs -f -i size=512 /dev/sdb1 computeX# mkfs.xfs -f -i size=512 /dev/sdb1 computeX# mkfs.xfs -f -i size=512 /dev/sdc1

```
Create mount points on all nodes;
```

computeX# mkdir -p /gtfs/vms
computeX# mkdir -p /gtfs/img

Add new mount partitions to file /etc/fstab on all nodes:

```
#...
/dev/sdb1 /gtfs/vms xfs defaults 0 0
/dev/sdc1 /gtfs/img xfs defaults 0 0
```

```
Mount new partition on all nodes:
computeX# mount -arw
```

Create sub directory as a brick in new partitions (mount points) on all nodes: computeX# mkdir -p /gtfs/vms/brick computeX# mkdir -p /gtfs/img/brick

Change owner of bricks on all nodes:

```
computeX# chown cinder:cinder /gtfs/vms/brick
computeX# chown cinder:cinder /gtfs/img/brick
```

```
force
```

computeX# gluster volume start gluster_img_volume

Set each Gluster volume to use the same UID and GID as the cinder user: computeX# id cinder
uid=121(cinder) gid=127(cinder) groups=127(cinder)

```
OpenStack Installation, ARIT-Net#3 -- (34/44)
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster vms volume storage.owner-uid 121
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster vms volume storage.owner-gid 127
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster img volume storage.owner-uid 121
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster img volume storage.owner-gid 127
    Configure each Gluster volume to accept libgfapi connections:
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster vms volume server.allow-insecure on
    computeX# gluster volume set gluster img volume server.allow-insecure on
    Restart the Glusterfs services:
    computeX# service glusterfs-server restart
11.2. Setup glance on controller to use Glusterfs as image storage
                                                                                   Controller
    Install the packages on all nodes:
    controller# apt install glusterfs-client glusterfs-common \
        glusterfs-server attr
    Probe and add nodes in to peer list on all nodes:
    controller# gluster peer probe block0
    controller# gluster peer probe block1
    controller# gluster peer probe block2
    Edit /etc/fstab:
    localhost:/gluster img volume /var/lib/glance/images glusterfs
                                  defaults, netdev, fetch-attempts=10 0 0
    Create mount point:
    controller# mkdir -p /var/lib/glance/images
    Restart the Glusterfs services:
    controller# service glusterfs-server restart
    Mount a new mount point:
    controller# mount -arw
```

Change image storage ownder to be glance: controller# chown -R glance:glance /var/lib/glance/images

11.3. Configure Compute to use Glusterfs

11.4. Option 1: Setup compute nodes to use Glusterfs volume without Cinder

Compute Node

Edit /etc/fstab:

Create mount point: computeX# mkdir -p /var/lib/cinder/volumes

Mount a new mount point: computeX# mount -arw

Change image storage ownder to be glance: computeX# chown -R cinder:cinder /var/lib/cinder/volumes

11.5. Option 2: Setup compute nodes to use Glusterfs volume with Cinder

11.5.1. Configure Block storage service

<u>Controller</u>

Connect to MySQL database controller# mysql -u root -p Enter password: <<u>MYSQL PASSWORD></u>

Note: <MYSQL PASSWORD> is: openstack;pass

Create cinder database MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE cinder;

Create and grant cinder user to cinder database

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON cinder.* TO \
 'cinder'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY '<CINDER DBPASS>';

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON cinder.* TO \
 'cinder'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY '<CINDER DBPASS>';

```
Note: <CINDER DBPASS> is: cinder;pass
```

Apply new privileges
MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
MariaDB [(none)]> exit

Source the admin credentials controller# source admin-rc.sh

```
Create the cinder user:

controller# openstack user create --domain default \

--password-prompt cinder

User Password: <<u>CINDER_PASS></u>

Repeat User Password: <<u>CINDER_PASS></u>
```

```
Note: <CINDER PASS> is: cinder;pass
```

Add the admin role to the cinder user: controller# openstack role add --project service --user cinder admin

```
Create the cinder service entity:

controller# openstack service create --name cinder \

    --description "OpenStack Block Storage" volume
```

```
controller# openstack service create --name cinderv2 \
    --description "OpenStack Block Storage" volumev2
```

Create the Block Storage service API endpoints:

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volume public http://controller:8776/v1/%\(tenant_id\)s
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volume internal http://controller:8776/v1/%\(tenant_id\)s
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volume admin http://controller:8776/v1/%\(tenant id\)s
```

```
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volumev2 public http://controller:8776/v2/%\(tenant id\)s
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volumev2 internal http://controller:8776/v2/%\(tenant id\)s
controller# openstack endpoint create --region 'RegionOne' \
    volumev2 admin http://controller:8776/v2/%\(tenant id\)s
Install the packages:
controller# apt install cinder-api cinder-scheduler
Edit file /etc/cinder/cinder.conf
     [DEFAULT]
     # ...
     my ip = 10.0.0.100
     auth strategy = keystone
     transport url = rabbit://openstack:<RABBIT PASS>@controller
     [database]
     # ...
connection = mysql+pymysql://cinder:<CINDER DBPASS>@controller/cinder
     [keystone authtoken]
     # ...
     auth uri = http://controller:5000
     memcached servers = controller:11211
     auth type = password
     auth url = http://controller:35357
     project domain name = default
     project name = service
     user domain name = default
     username = cinder
     password = <CINDER PASS>
     [oslo concurrency]
     # ...
     lock path = /var/lib/cinder/tmp
Note: <RABBIT PASS> is: rabbit;pass
```

```
<CINDER DBPASS> is: cinder;pass
```

<CINDER PASS> is: cinder;pass

Populate the Block Storage database:

controller# su -s /bin/sh -c "cinder-manage db sync" cinder

Install the packages on controller: controller# apt install glusterfs-client cinder-volume

Configure OpenStack Block Storage to use the /etc/cinder/glusterfs, edit file /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file:

```
[DEFAULT]
#...
volume_driver = cinder.volume.drivers.glusterfs.GlusterfsDriver
glusterfs_shares_config = /etc/cinder/glusterfs
glusterfs_mount_point_base = /var/lib/cinder/volumes
```

Create and add entry to /etc/cinder/glusterfs localhost:/gluster vms volume

Set /etc/cinder/glusterfs to be owned by the root user and the cinder group: controller# chown root:cinder /etc/cinder/glusterfs

Set /etc/cinder/glusterfs to be readable by members of the cinder group: controller# chmod 0640 /etc/cinder/glusterfs

```
Edit /etc/glusterfs/glusterd.vol:
volume management
#...
option rpc-auth-allow-insecure on
end-volume
```

Set each Gluster volume to use the same UID and GID as the cinder user: controller# id cinder uid=121(cinder) gid=127(cinder) groups=127(cinder)

```
controller# gluster volume set gluster_vms_volume storage.owner-uid 121
controller# gluster volume set gluster_vms_volume storage.owner-gid 127
```

```
Restart the Glusterfs services:
controller# service glusterfs-server restart
```

Restart the Block Storage services: controller# service nova-api restart

controller# service cinder-scheduler restart

controller# service apache2 restart

11.5.2. Configure Compute to use Block Storage

Compute Node

Edit the /etc/nova/nova.conf:

[cinder]
...
os_region_name = RegionOne

Restart Compute services: compute# service nova-compute restart

12. Create OS Image -- on other host

12.1. Create Ubuntu image

Create disk image:

```
# qemu-img create -f qcow2 ./trusty.qcow2 8G
```

Install OS in new image:

```
_# virt-install --virt-type kvm --name trusty --ram 1024 \
    --cdrom=/data/isos/trusty-64-mini.iso \
    --disk ./trusty.qcow2,format=qcow2 \
    --network network=default \
    --graphics vnc,listen=0.0.0.0 --noautoconsole \
    --os-type=linux --os-variant=ubuntutrusty
```

Step through the installation:

- Install os
- Setup hostname
- Select a mirror
- Step through the install

- Partition the disks
- Select automatic updates
- Select software: OpenSSH server
- Install GRUP boot loader
- Detach the CD-ROM and reboot

Start up the machine again as paused, eject the disk and resume:

```
_# virsh start trusty --paused
_# virsh attach-disk --type cdrom --mode readonly trusty "" hdc
_# virsh resume trusty
```

Log in to newly created image and Install cloud-init:

```
_# apt-get install cloud-init
    # dpkg-reconfigure cloud-init
```

Clean up (remove MAC address details):

```
_# virt-sysprep -d trusty
Undefine the libvirt domain:
# virsh undefine trusty
```

12.2. Create Ubuntu image

Create disk image:

```
# qemu-img create -f qcow2 ./debian-8.0.0.qcow2 8G
```

```
Install OS in new image
_# virt-install --virt-type kvm \
    --name Debian-8.0.0 \
    --ram 1024 \
    --cdrom=./debian-8.0.0-amd64-netinst.iso \
    --disk path=./debian-8.0.0.qcow2,size=8,format=qcow2 \
    --os-type=linux \
    --os-variant=generic \
    --network bridge=br100 \
    --graphics vnc,listen=0.0.0.0 \
    --noautoconsole
```

Show VNC remote connection

```
_# virsh vncdisplay Debian-8.0.0
:1
```

Connect VNC viewer to x.x.x.x:5901, start to setup a minimum os, and shutdown.

```
Clean up (remove MAC address details):
_# virt-sysprep -d Debian-8.0.0
```

Undefine the libvirt domain:

_# virsh undefine Debian-8.0.0

All Nodes

SSH Setup for remote execute

```
Edit sshd config
 # vi /etc/ssh/sshd config
PermitRootLogin yes
 :
Restart sshd
 # service ssh restart
Generate ssh rsa key:
 # ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 2048
           Enter file in which to save the key (/root/.ssh/id rsa): <br/>
<br
           Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): <br/> <br/>
           Enter same passphrase again: <blank>
Merge file /root/.ssh/id_rsa.pub of all hosts to /root/.ssh/authorized_keys:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Controller
 controller# cat /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub >> /root/.ssh/authorized keys
Copy file /root/.ssh/authorized keys to each Compute node sequential:
 controller# scp /root/.ssh/authorized keys compute1:/root/.ssh/authorized keys
Merge file /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub of all hosts to /root/.ssh/authorized keys:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  compute1
 compute1# cat /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub >> /root/.ssh/authorized keys
Copy file /root/.ssh/authorized_keys to each Compute node sequential:
 compute1# scp /root/.ssh/authorized keys compute2:/root/.ssh/authorized keys
Merge file /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub of current hosts to /root/.ssh/authorized keys:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  compute2
 compute2# cat /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub >> /root/.ssh/authorized keys
```

Copy file /root/.ssh/authorized_keys to each Compute node sequential:

:

```
compute2# scp /root/.ssh/authorized_keys compute3:/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
:
:
```

On last compute node, copy completed file /root/.ssh/authorized_keys back to previous nodes:

computeX

```
computeX# scp /root/.ssh/authorized_keys controller:/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
computeX# scp /root/.ssh/authorized_keys compute1:/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
computeX# scp /root/.ssh/authorized_keys compute2:/root/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

Network Tuning

All Nodes

Install packages

apt-get install ethtool -y

Edit file /etc/rc.local

#...
/etc/openstack.sh

exit O

Create script file /etc/openstack.sh

#!/bin/bash
#...
/sbin/ethtool -G <net_dev> tx <N> rx <N>

example:

/sbin/ethtool -G eth0 tx 2048 rx 2048 /sbin/ethtool -G eth2 tx 511 rx 511

Change mode of script file /etc/openstack.sh

_# chmod a+x /etc/openstack.sh